Basically Botany



- Identify and name the main parts of a plant (flower, growing tip, roots, stem, leaves)
- Explain what the different parts of the plant are used for
- Label the parts of a flower on a diagram
- Define the terms fertilisation, pollination, seed dispersal and germination
- Describe the differences between wind pollinated and insect pollinated flowers
- Recall the main ways in which seeds can be dispersed (wind, stuck to animals, eaten by animals, explosion)
- Work out how seeds are dispersed by looking at their structure
- Describe the conditions needed for seeds to germinate
- Name the main parts of a seed and label them in a diagram
- Explain what photosynthesis is and why plants carry out photosynthesis (including leaf adaptations)
- Explain what respiration is and why plants carry out respiration
- Explain the purpose of transpiration







- Solar system basic plan
- Investigate how the planets of the solar system differ from each other
- Explain the causes of the seasons
- Investigate the reasons for moon phases
- Investigate star life cycles
- Investigate the following terms:
 - o galaxy
 - o light year
 - o universe
 - constellations

- o satellite
- o meteor
- o comet
- o black hole
- Investigate impacts of meteorites
- o Explain how eclipses occur
- Investigate aspects of exploring space
 - o current and future space travel
 - o exploration via probes, telescopes



The Curiosity rover gets its wheels (due to land on Mars Aug 2012)

Body works

- State the purpose of an internal skeleton
- Name the major bones in the body
- Name the different types of joints and give examples of where in the body each type of joint is found.
- Know the difference between tendons and ligaments.
- Describe how antagonistic pairs of muscles work.
- o Define the term excretion.
- Discuss water balance in the body
- Discuss circulation (heart parts, veins, arteries, capillaries)
- Describe the functions of the skin.
- Define the term gas exchange.
- Identify the main parts of the human gas exchange system and explain how the lungs function.



Broken femur



- Use the Periodic Table to identify an element as a metal or non-metal
- Recall the names and formulae of the first 20 elements and the other elements studied during this topic
- Recall the properties of metals and recognize common metals
- o Recall the structure of an atom
- Define the terms atomic number and mass number
- Calculate the number of electrons, protons and neutrons of atoms and ions using the Periodic Table as a tool
- Write the electron configuration for any of the first 20 elements (atoms and ions)
- Explain why and how atoms form ions
- o Use the table of ions to write formulae for ionic compounds
- Name ionic compounds when given ionic formulae
- Classify compounds as ionic or molecular using their formulae
- Explain the difference between physical & chemical changes



Mercury (don't try this at home!)

Acids and bases



- Recall and write the chemical formulae for the following: hydrochloric acid, sulphuric acid, nitric acid, sodium hydroxide, ammonia
- Recall the names of common indicators and the colours they turn in acidic, basic and neutral solutions.
- Explain how to make an indicator from common materials such as flower petals.
- Classify a substance as acidic, basic or neutral by measuring its pH or from information supplied about its pH.



Nitric acid dissolving copper

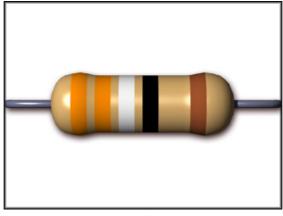
- Recall that pH scale ranges from 1-14 and understand the significance of pH values.
- Recall that an acid will react with a base to form a neutral salt and water.
- Explain how to extract a dissolved salt from a solution.
- Recall some everyday examples of neutralization reactions.
- Recall that an acid will react with a metal to form a metal salt and hydrogen gas.
- Explain how to test for hydrogen gas.
- Recall that carbon dioxide, a metal salt and water are produced when a metal carbonate reacts with an acid.
- Explain how to test for carbon dioxide.
- Write a balanced chemical equation for a given word equation





- o Explain how to use electricity safely.
- o Be able to identify unsafe electrical situations.
- o Explain what a current is, in terms of moving electrons.
- Explain the function of each of the following components:
 - o power pack
 - o wire
 - o switch
 - o ammeter

- o lamp
- o cell
- o voltmeter
- Set up a circuit from a circuit diagram.
- Explain the difference between parallel and series circuits.
- o Design a simple circuit to solve a problem.
- Describe how to connect a voltmeter correctly
- Describe how to connect an ammeter correctly
- Use the equation P=IV to calculate the power of a lamp
- Describe how electrical safety devices work (switches, fuses and earth wires)
- Recall that electricity is a form of energy, measured in joules, and that it can be changed into other forms eg. Kinetic, heat ,light , sound.



A resistor